

Using visual models to boost your test automation

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AFA Försäkring

Who are we?



QA technical/automation leads

- .NET development
- CI/CD
- API design
- QA evangelism

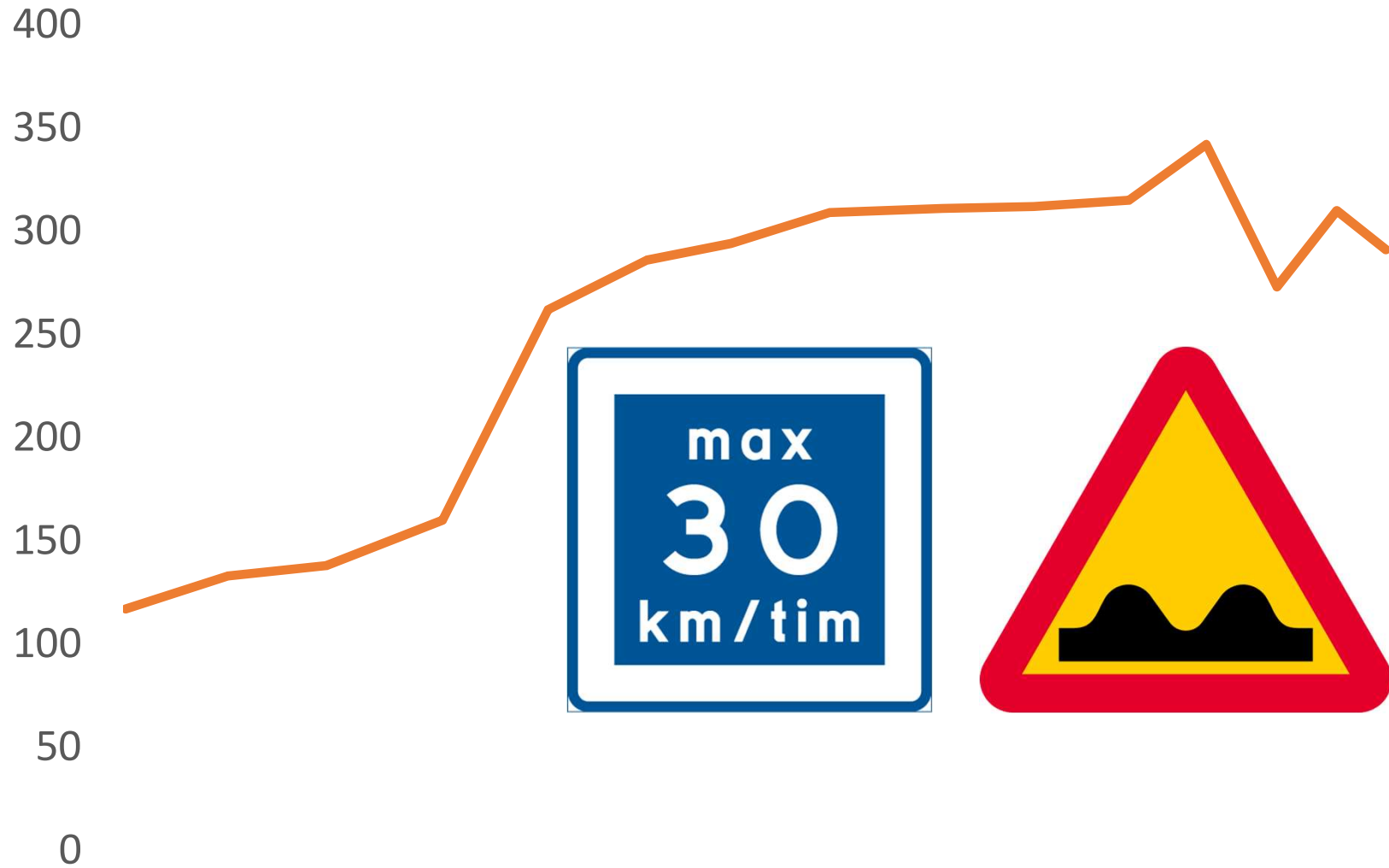


(basically .NET developers with a QA touch)

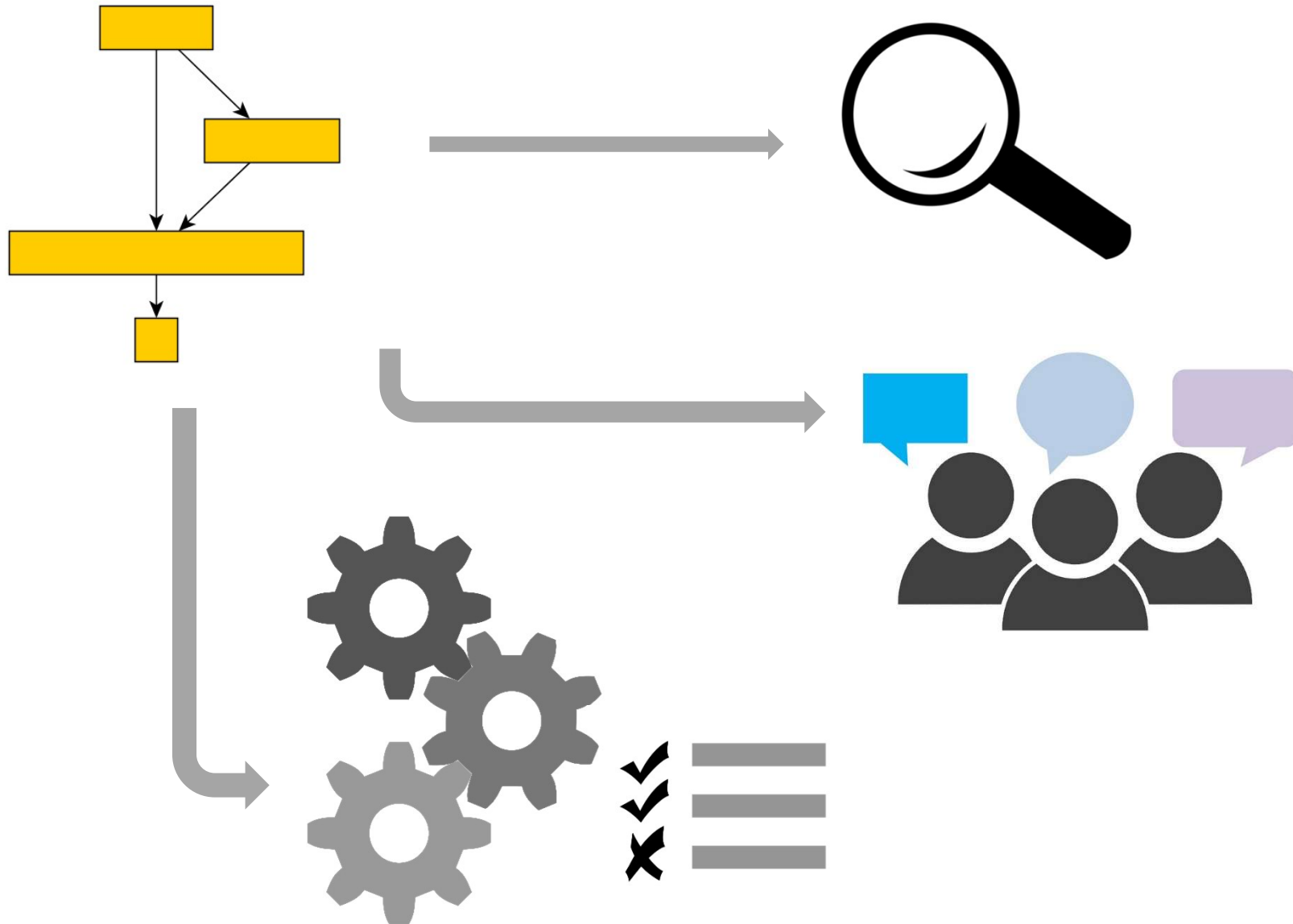
What is AFA Försäkring?

- The Swedish model
 - Employee safety for over 4.5 million adults, but...
 - most of them don't realize they are covered.
 - Claims are typically reported on the web by the individuals themselves.
- Roughly 200 coworkers @ IT department
 - Software development using Microsoft stack and Progress OpenEdge.

Our test automation effort



Why did we go for MBT?



What is model-based testing?

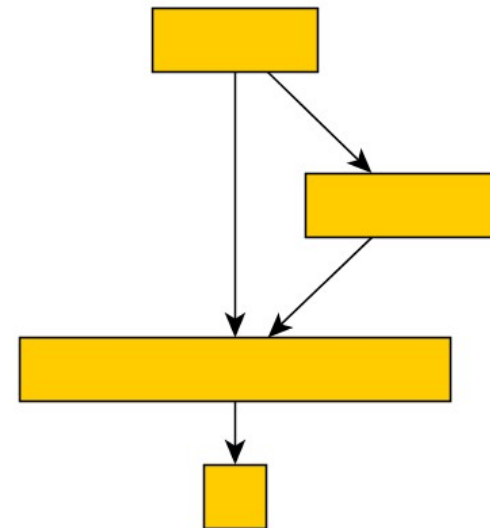
*Models are the **expected behavior** of a System Under Test.*

*Models are **much simpler** than the reality.*

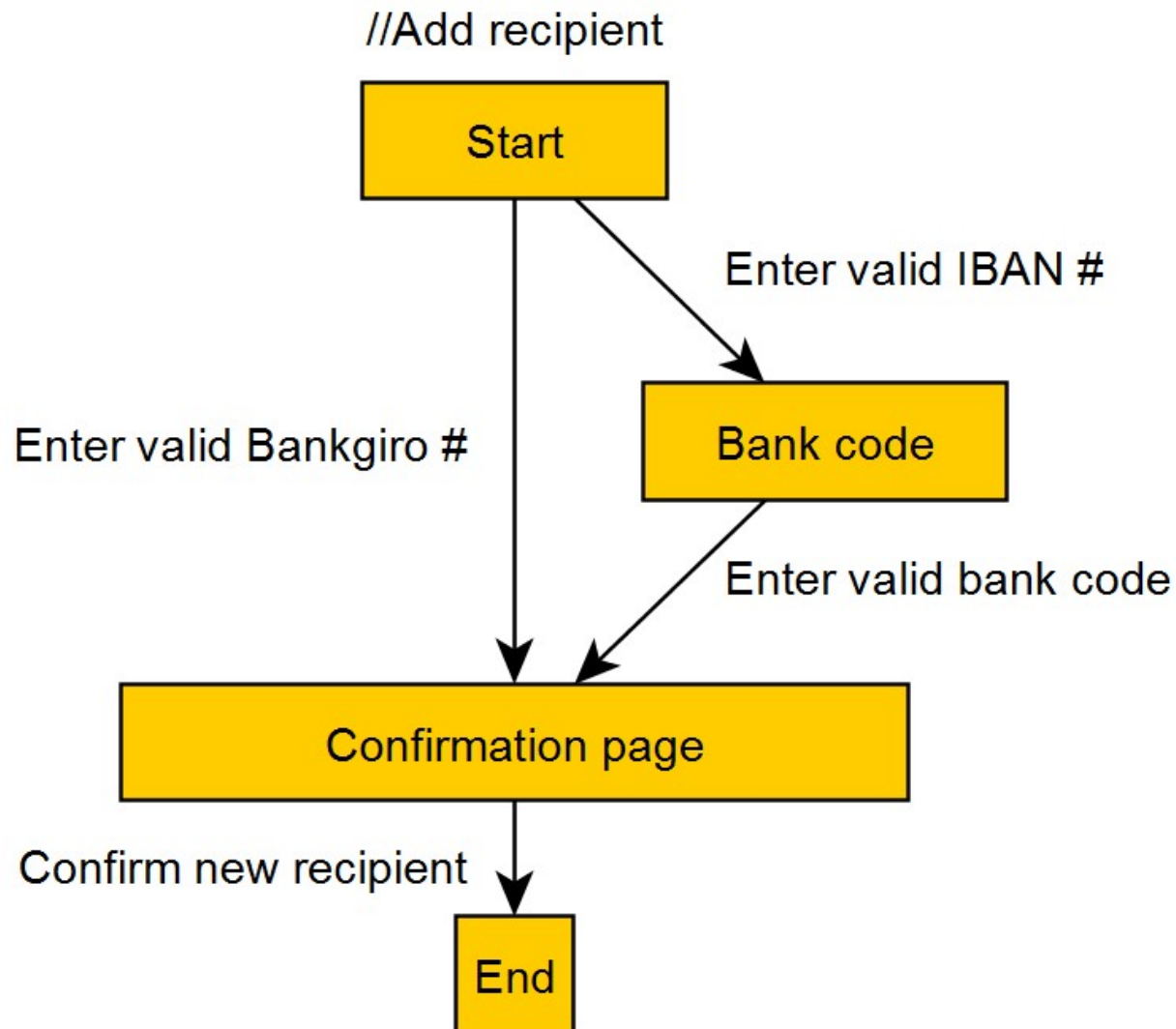
(Kristian Karl, graphwalker.org)

There can be several **different** models for the same System Under Test.

Modeling 101



A very simple model (online bank)

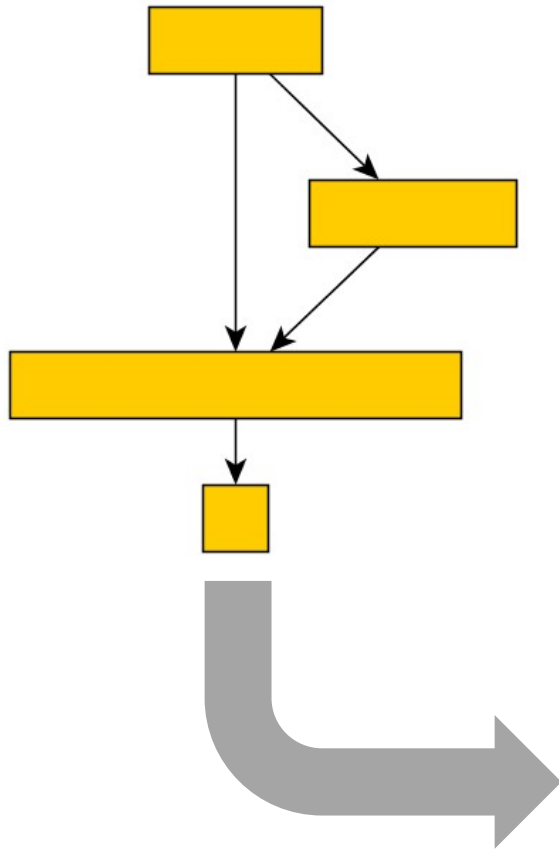


Benefits of MBT

MBT tool survey

- Graphwalker
- CA Agile Requirements Designer

Translating a model into code



```
class Model:
    def __init__(self):
        self.data = {}

    def add_data(self, key, value):
        self.data[key] = value

    def get_data(self, key):
        return self.data.get(key)

    def update_data(self, key, value):
        self.data[key] = value

    def delete_data(self, key):
        del self.data[key]

    def list_data(self):
        return list(self.data.keys())

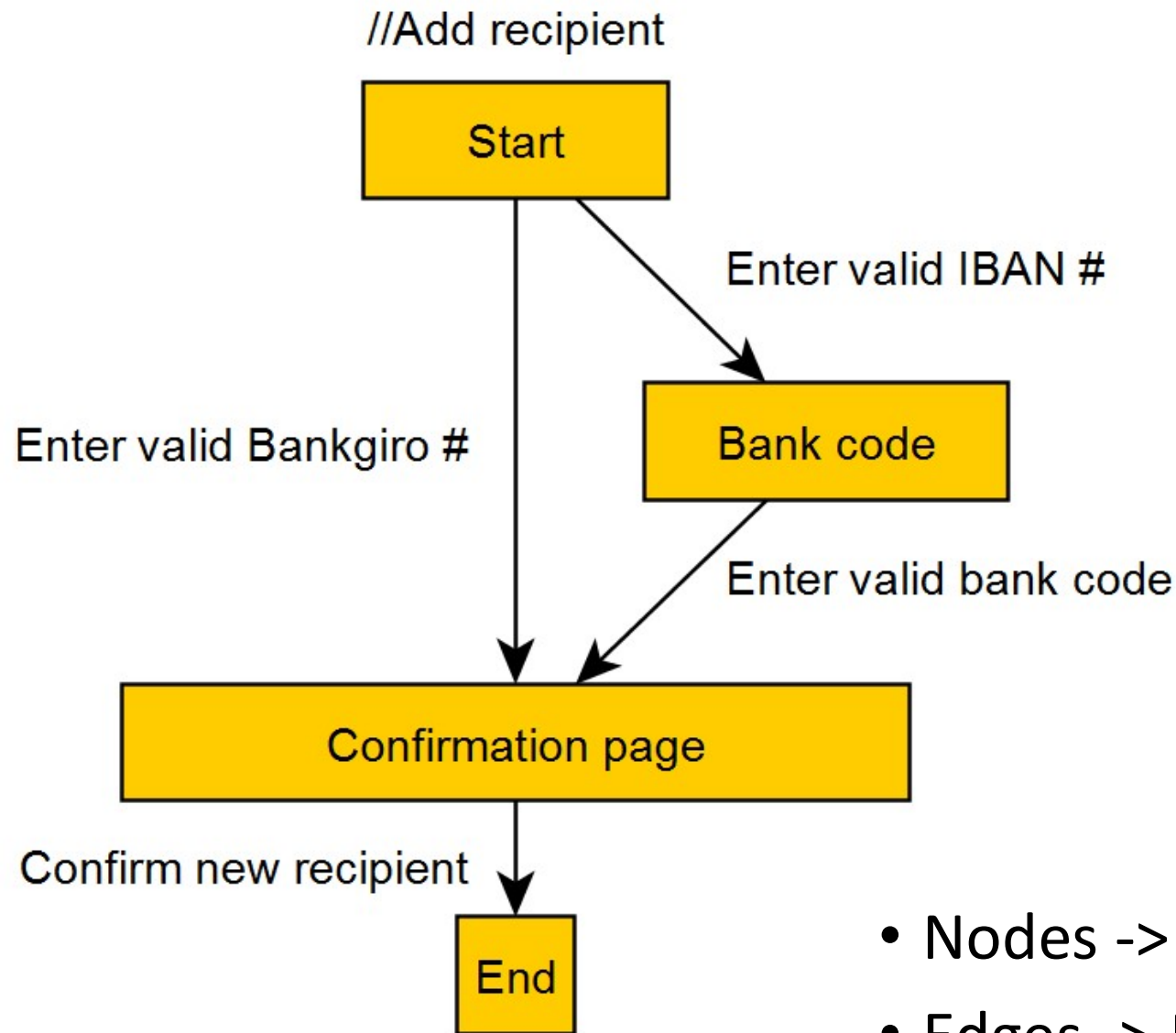
    def clear_data(self):
        self.data = {}

    def __str__(self):
        return str(self.data)

    def __repr__(self):
        return f'<Model object: {self.data}>'
```

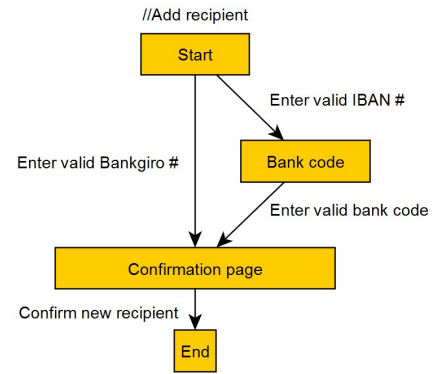
What kind of code do we want?

- Understandable (to us)
 - Immediately compilable
 - Defines behaviors
 - Usable for humans
 - Shared code
- C#
- Interfaces
-



- Nodes -> Interfaces
- Edges -> Methods

```
interface IStart
{
    IBankCode Start_EnterValidIban();
    IConfirmationPage Start_EnterValidBankGiro();
}
interface IBankCode
{
    IConfirmationPage BankCode_EnterValidBankCode();
}
interface IConfirmationPage
{
    IEnd ConfirmationPage_ConfirmNewRecipient();
}
interface IEnd { }
```



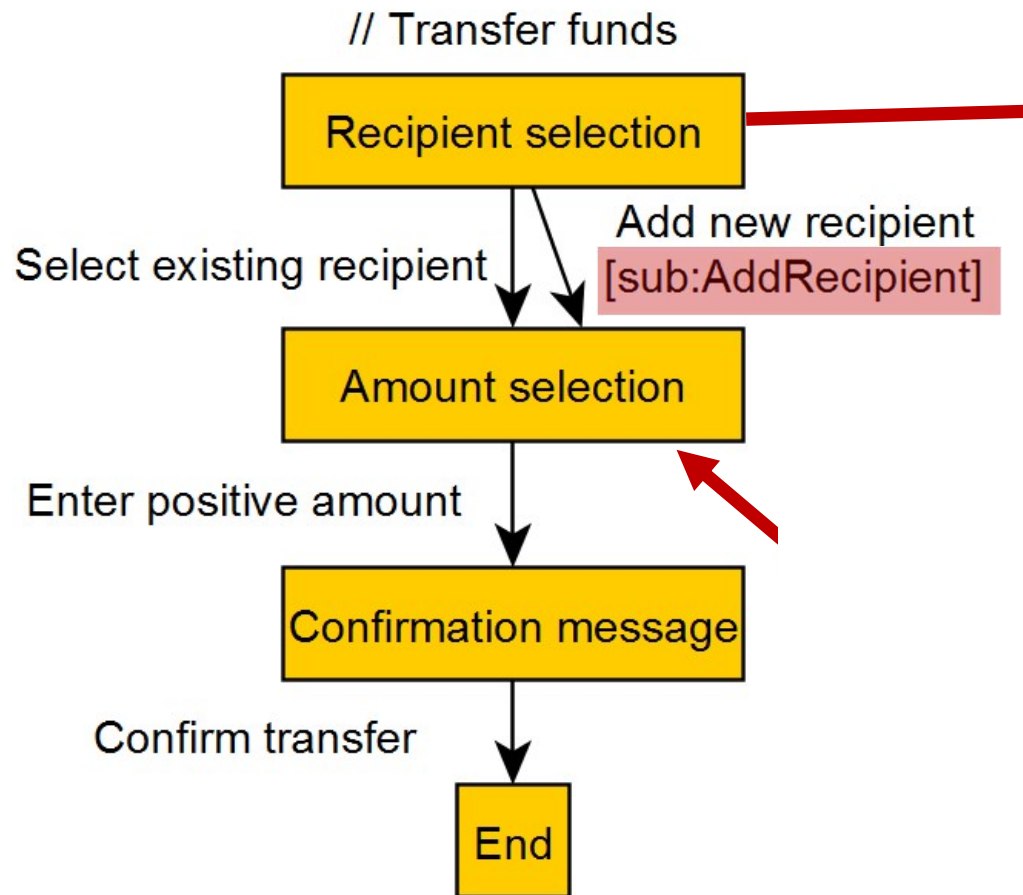
Our first test case

```
public void Test1()  
{  
    Bank.  
}
```

 Start_EnterValidBankGiro	IConfirmationPage	(<no parameters>) ; IConfirmationPage
 Start_EnterValidIban	IBankCode	
 Equals	bool	
 GetHashCode	int	

```
public void Test()  
{  
    Bank.Start_EnterValidIban()  
        .BankCode_EnterValidBankCode()  
        .ConfirmationPage_ConfirmNewRecipient();  
}
```

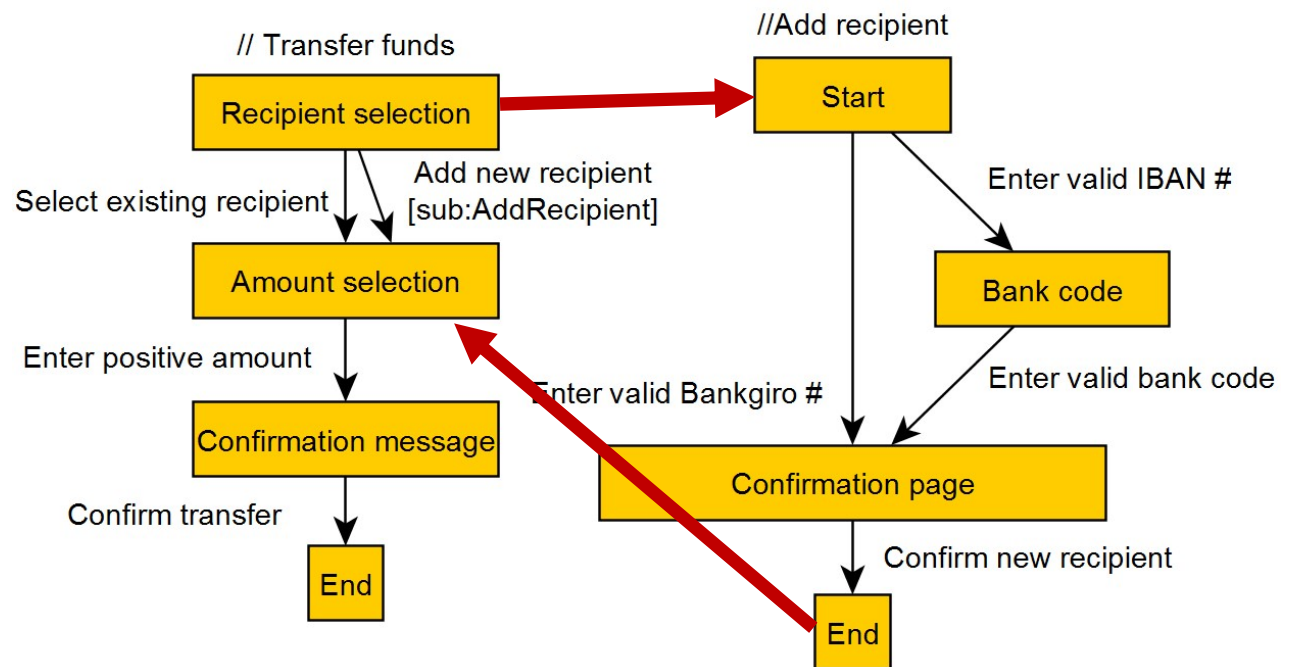
Dividing & re-using models




```

public interface IRecipientSelection
{
    IAmountSelection SelectExistingRecipient();
    IAmountSelection AddNewRecipient(Func<IStart, IEnd> func);
}
public interface IAmountSelection
{
    IConfirmationMessage EnterPositiveAmount();
}
public interface IConfirmationMessage
{
    IEnd ConfirmTransfer();
}

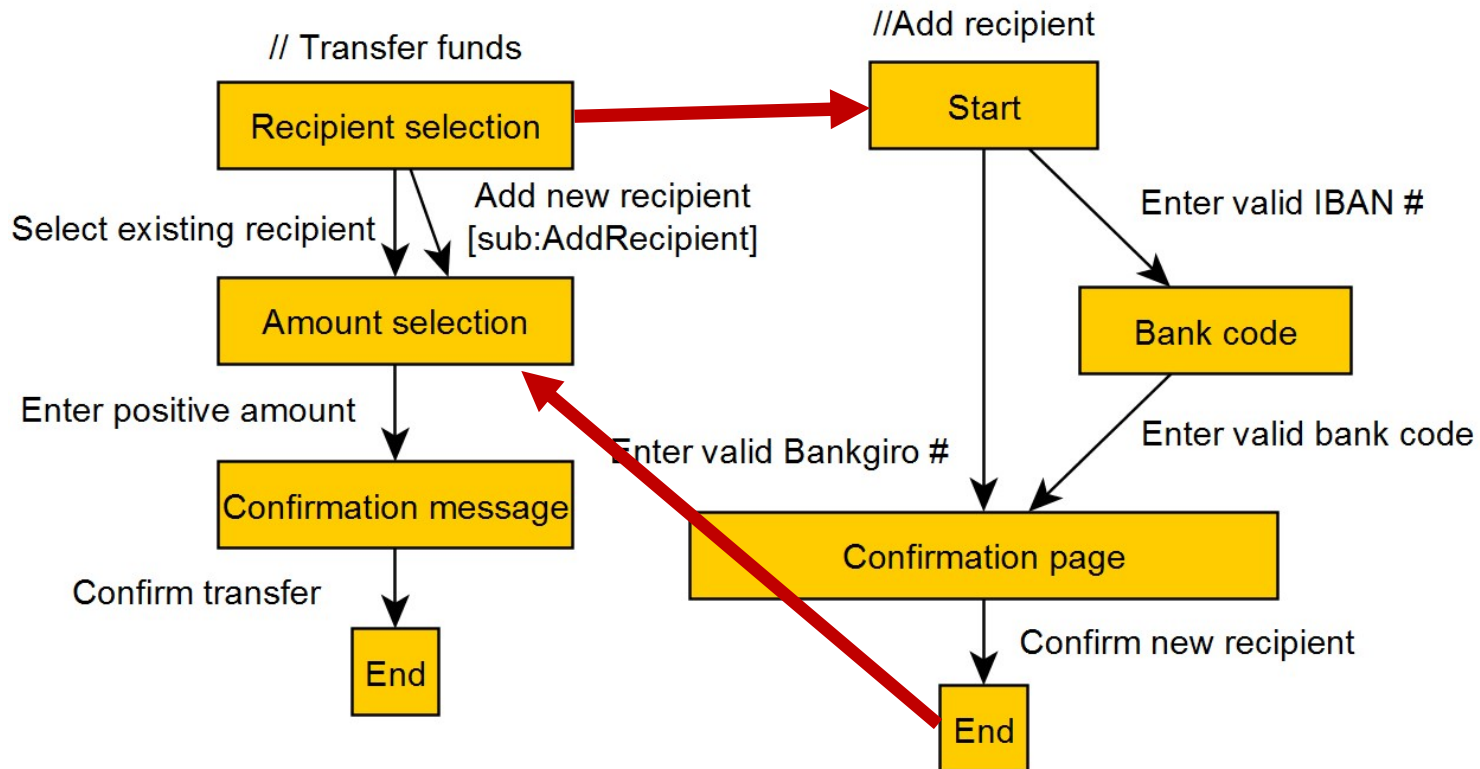
```



```

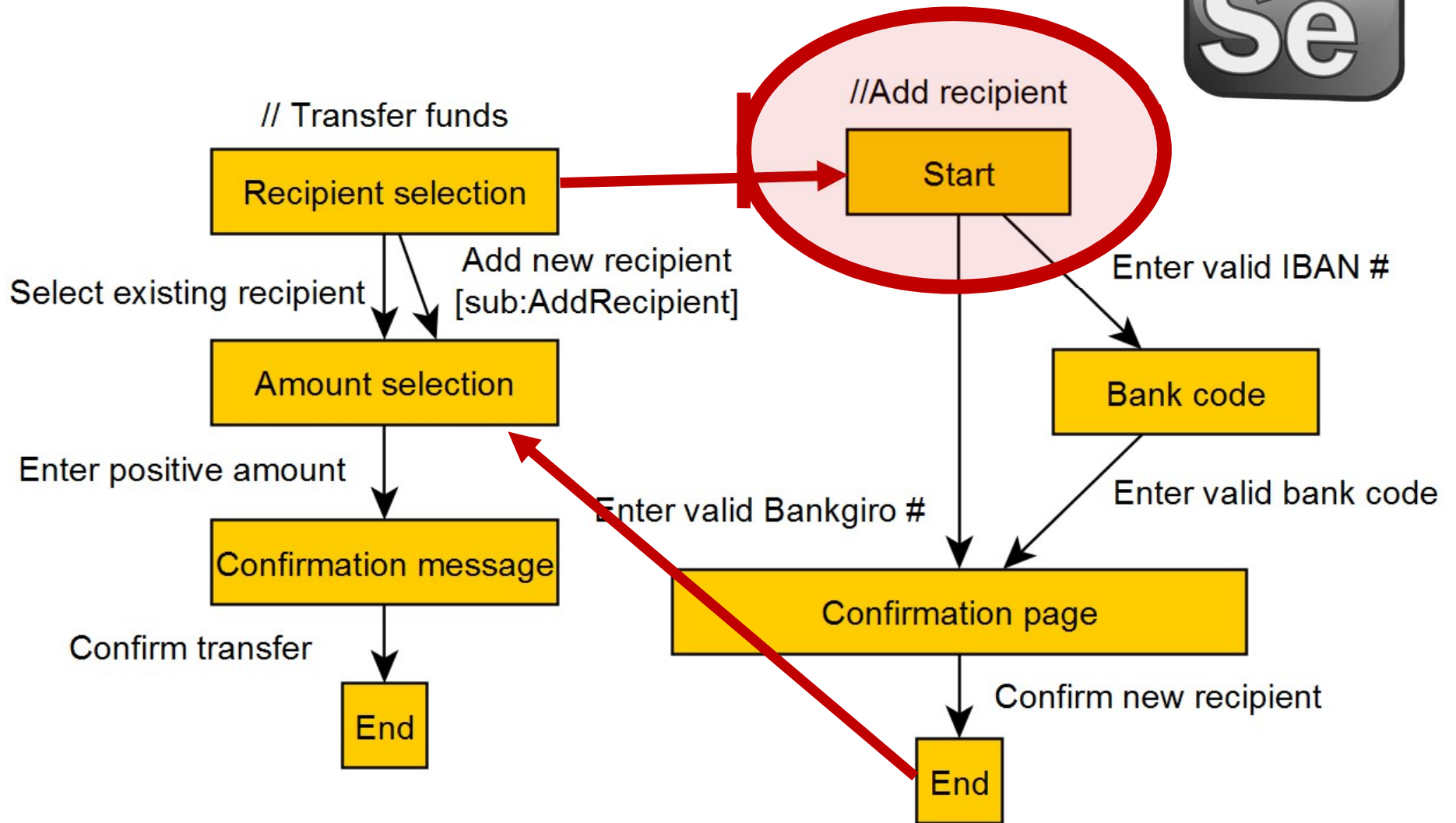
public void Test2()
{
    Bank.AddNewRecipient(addRecipient =>
        addRecipient.Start_EnterValidIban()
            .BankCode_EnterValidBankCode()
            .ConfirmationPage_ConfirmNewRecipient())
        .EnterPositiveAmount()
        .ConfirmTransfer();
}

```



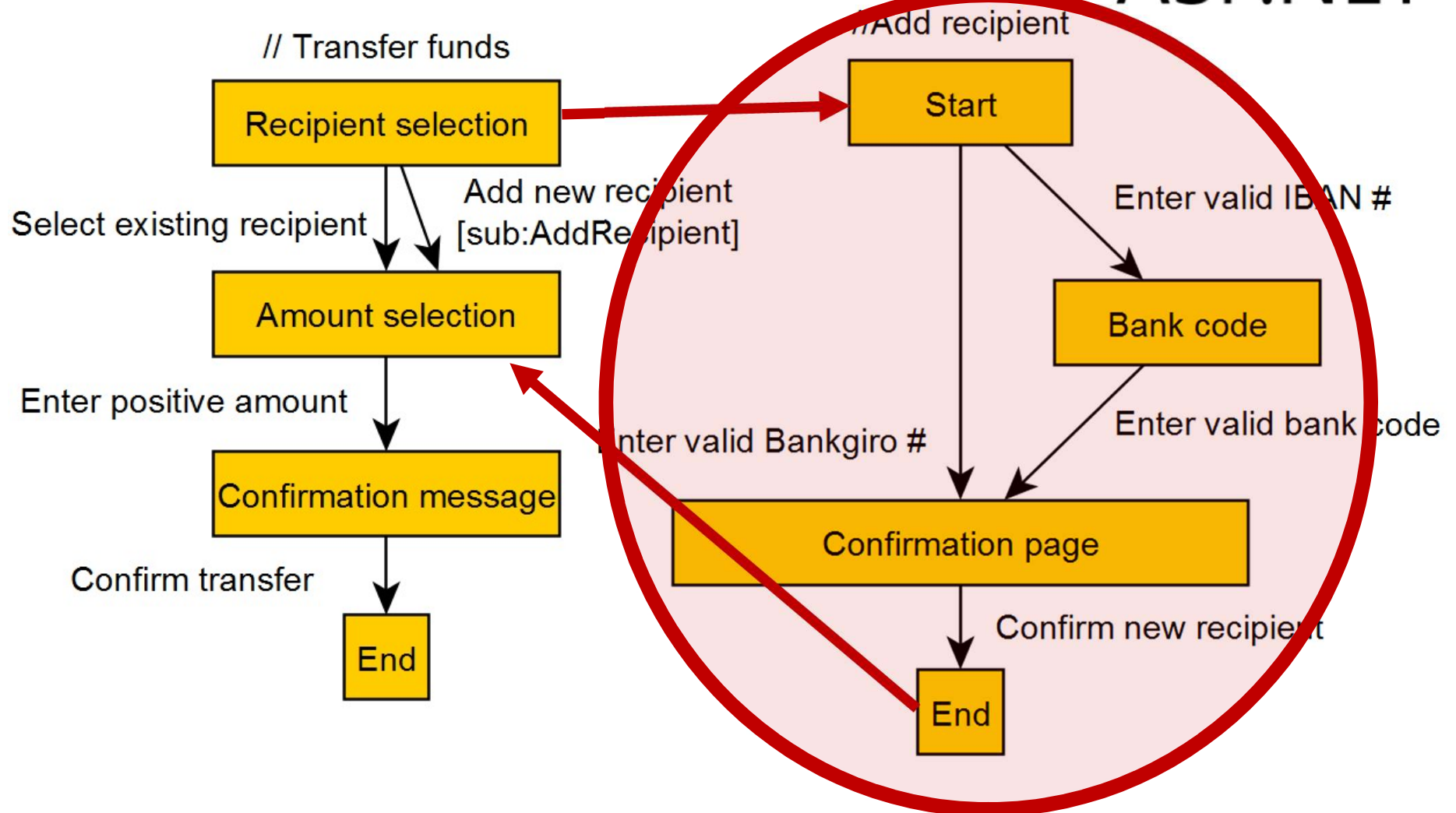
**LARGE AMOUNT OF CODE
COMPILES THE FIRST TIME.**

**NOT SURE IF GENIUS OR HUGE
EXPLOSION COMING.**



```
public abstract class PageObjectBase
{
    protected IWebDriver Driver { get; }
    protected PageObjectBase(IWebDriver driver)
    {
        Driver = driver;
    }
}
public class AddRecipientPage : PageObjectBase, IStart
{
    public AddRecipientPage(IWebDriver driver) : base(driver) {}
    public IBankCode Start_EnterValidIban()
    {
        Driver.FindElement(By.Id("txtIban"))
            .SendKeys("DE89 3704 0044 0532 0130 00");
        return new BankCodePage(Driver);
    }
    public IConfirmationPage Start_EnterValidBankGiro()
    {
        Driver.FindElement(By.Id("txtBankGiro"))
            .SendKeys("991-2346");
        return new ConfirmationPage(Driver);
    }
}
```

ASP.NET

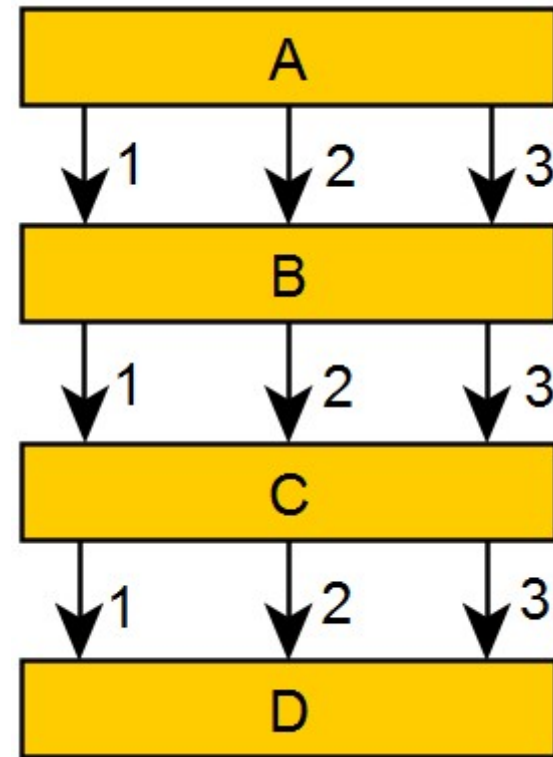


```
public abstract class MvcTestpage
{
    protected void Post(IViewModel viewmodel, string endpoint)
    { /***/ }
}
public class AddRecipient : MvcTestpage, IStart, IBankCode,
IConfirmationPage, IEnd
{
    private AddRecipientViewModel _viewModel;
    public AddRecipient()
    {
        _viewModel = new AddRecipientViewModel();
    }
    public IBankCode Start_EnterValidIban()
    {
        _viewModel.Iban = "DE89 3704 0044 0532 0130 00";
        return this;
    }
    public IEnd ConfirmationPage_ConfirmNewRecipient()
    {
        base.Post(_viewModel, "Account/Recipients");
        return this;
    }
}
```

Automated test case generation

- Test coverage criteria
 - Node coverage: 1 test
 - Edge coverage: 3 tests
 - Edge-pair coverage: 9 tests
 - All-pairs: 9 tests
 - ...

Use a sufficient criteria to give confidence in the information obtained by running your tests



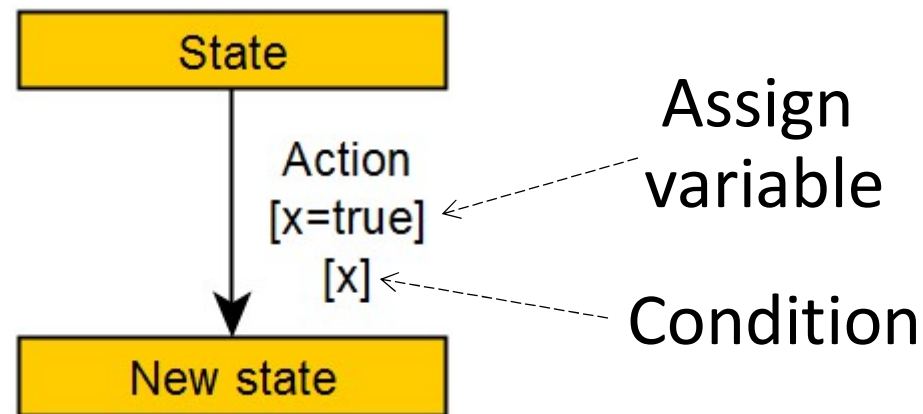
Algorithm for test case generation

- Find the path that increases coverage in the best way – Greedy!
- Repeat until no such path is found
- Warn if any edges were not reached

- Fast (~750ms on 450 edges → 50 test cases, debug)
- Good enough for us.

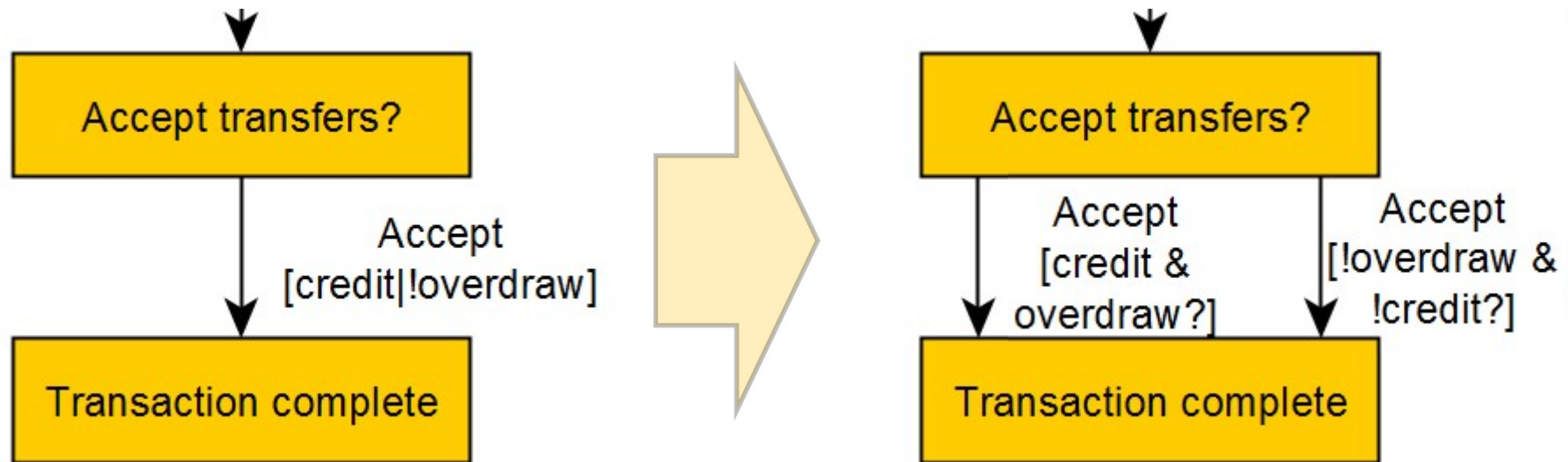
Variables and conditions

Supports basic arithmetic
(assignment, addition/subtraction and conditions)



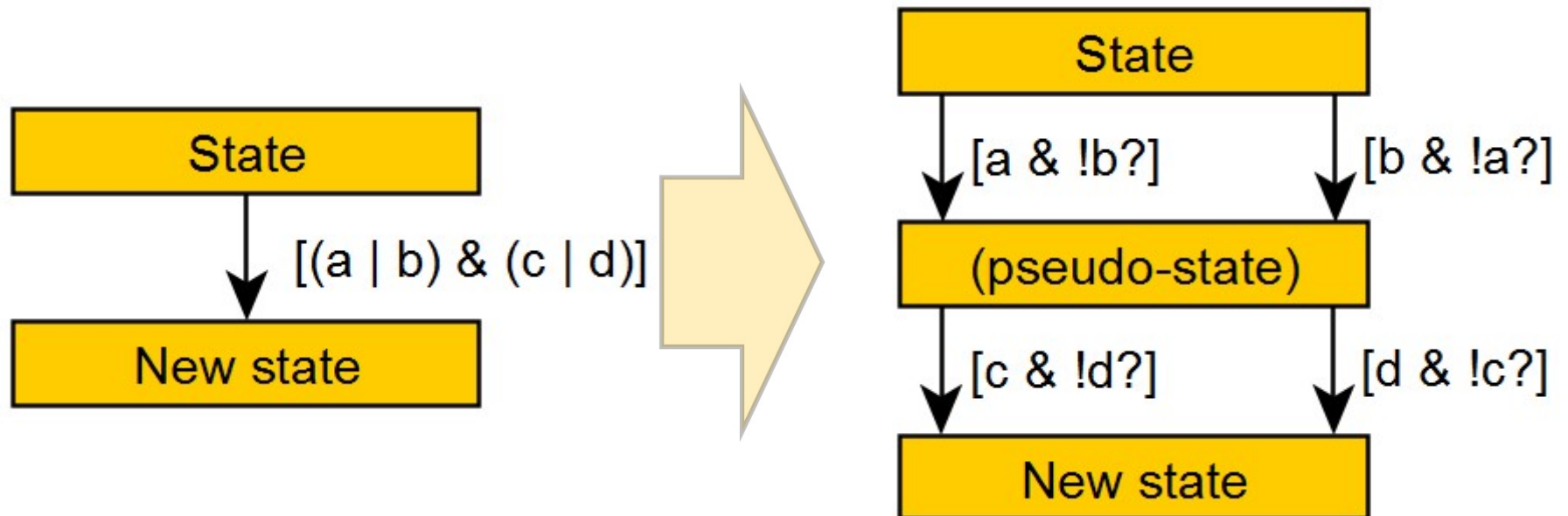
If asked for, unassigned variables are by default zero or false.

Exploding or-conditions



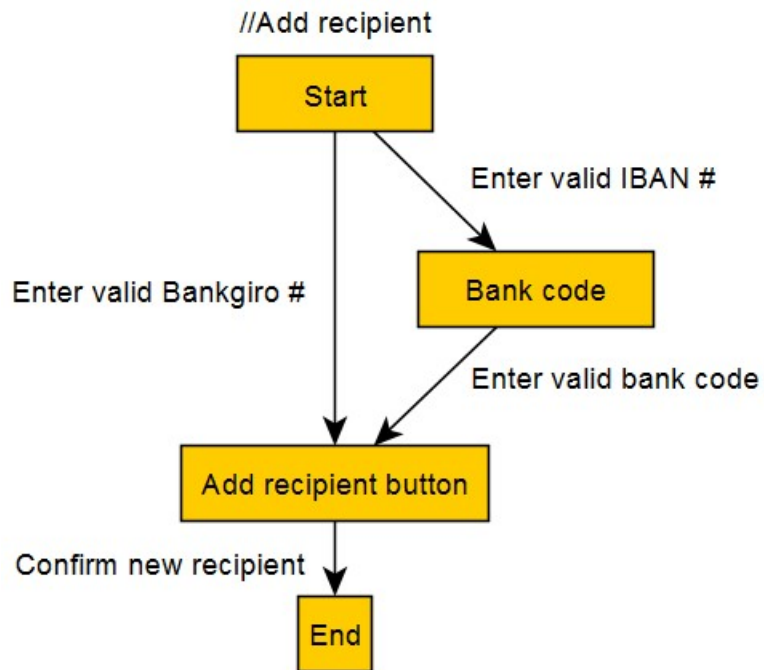
- Reversed weak conditions
 - Only checked first time edge is taken

Exploding or-conditions

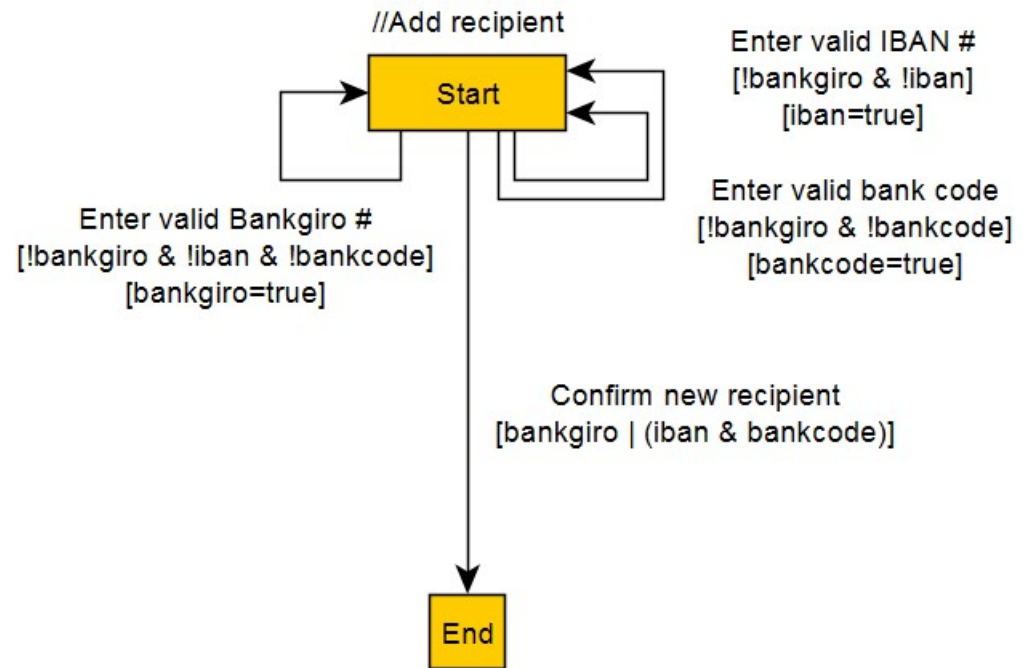


Enforced order?

- Easier to read

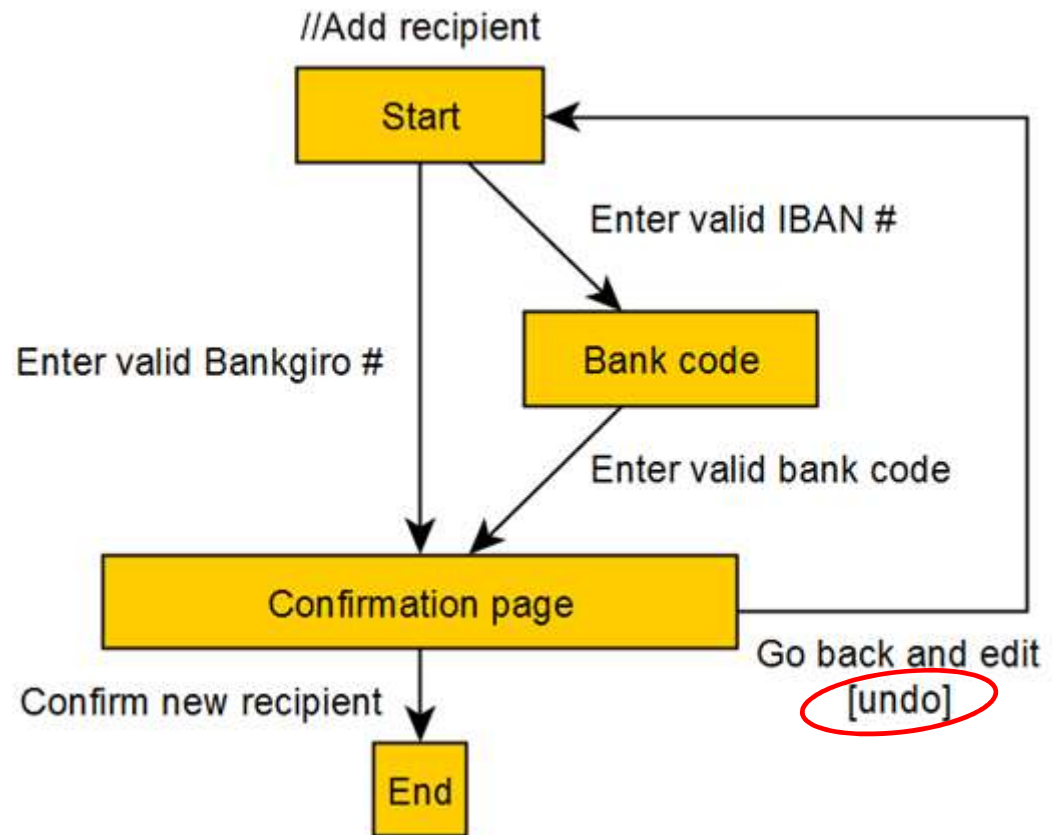


- Allowing any order of execution

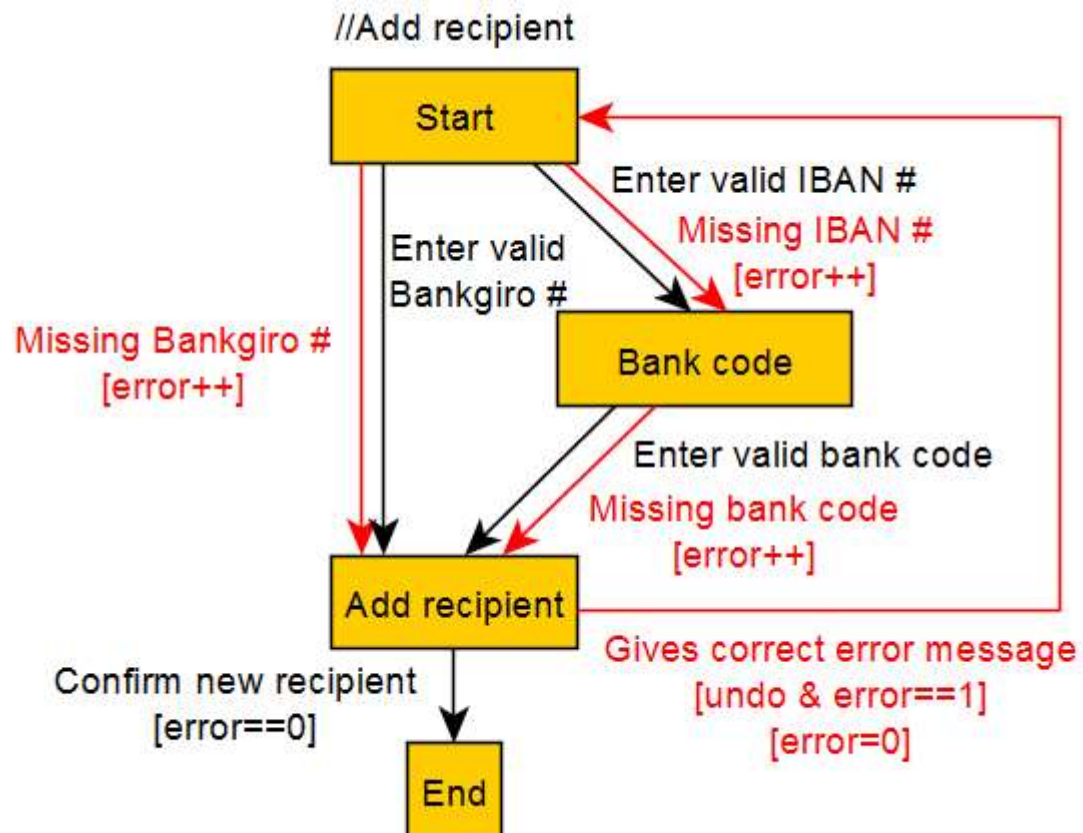


Pitfall: “Undo” Testcases

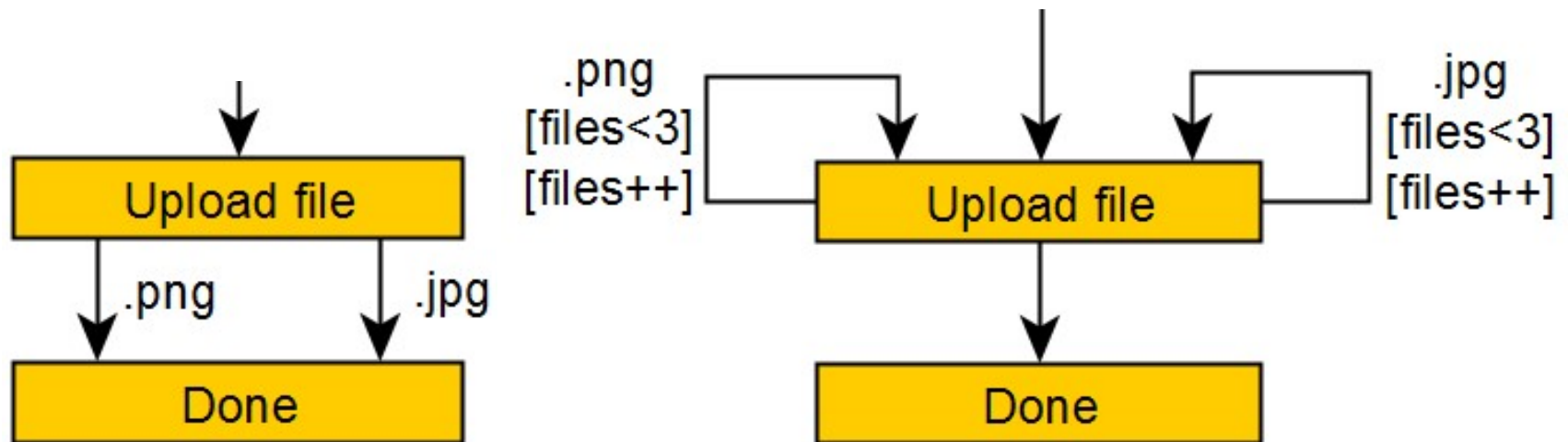
- Undo
 - Go back and edit
 - Remove something you added
 - Cancel something you are doing
- Add special condition
- Generate tests
 - Positive first
 - Then with condition activated



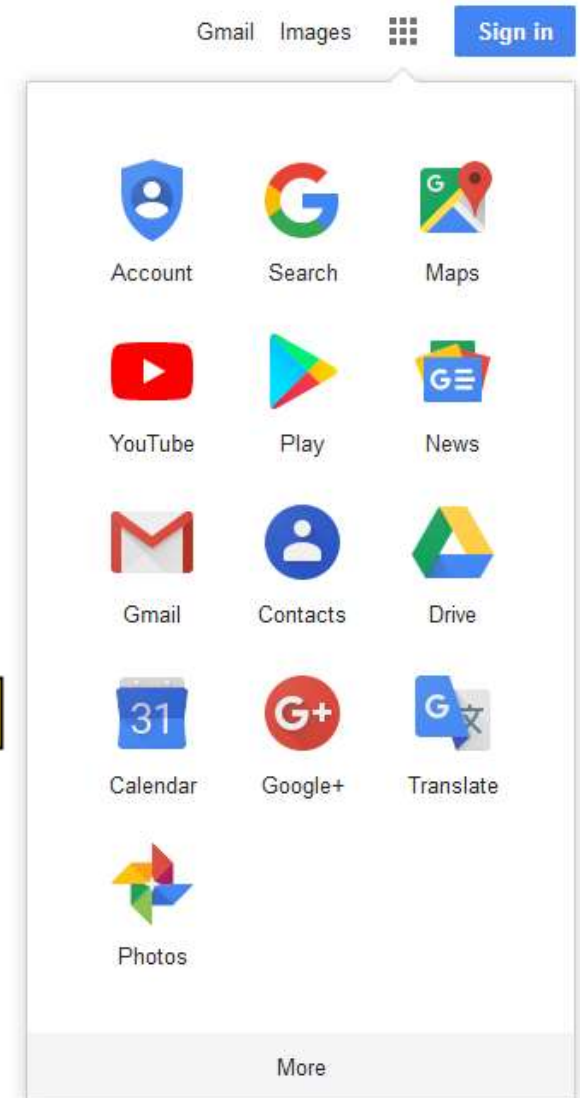
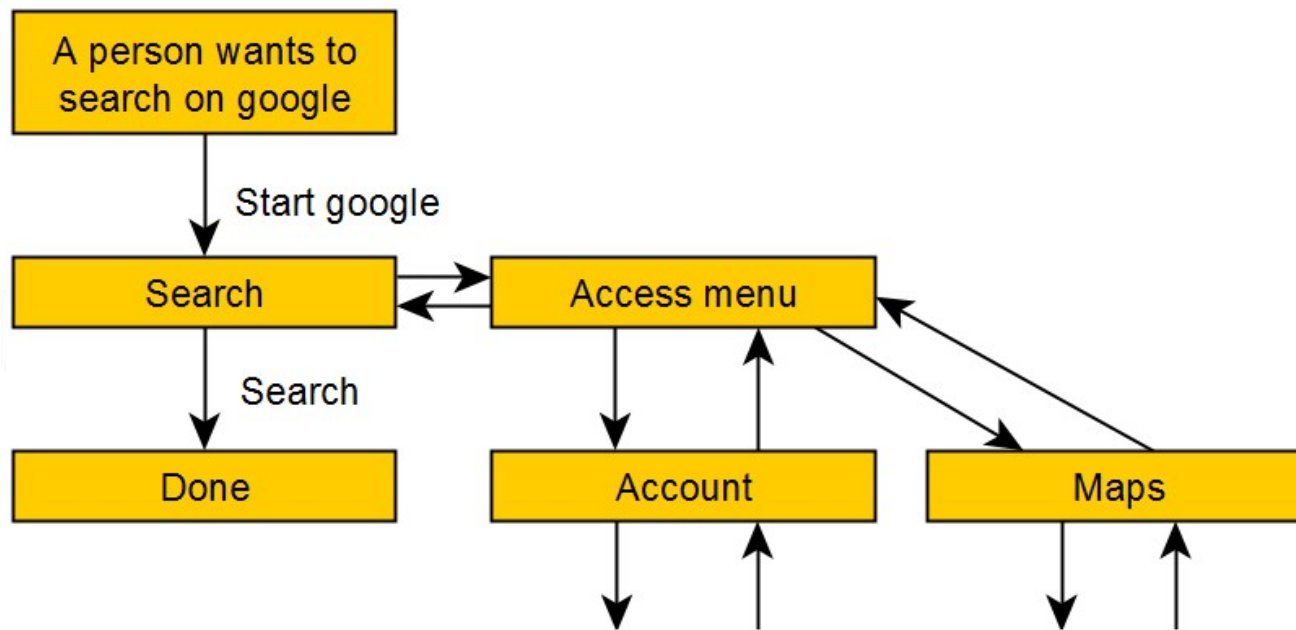
Negative Testcases



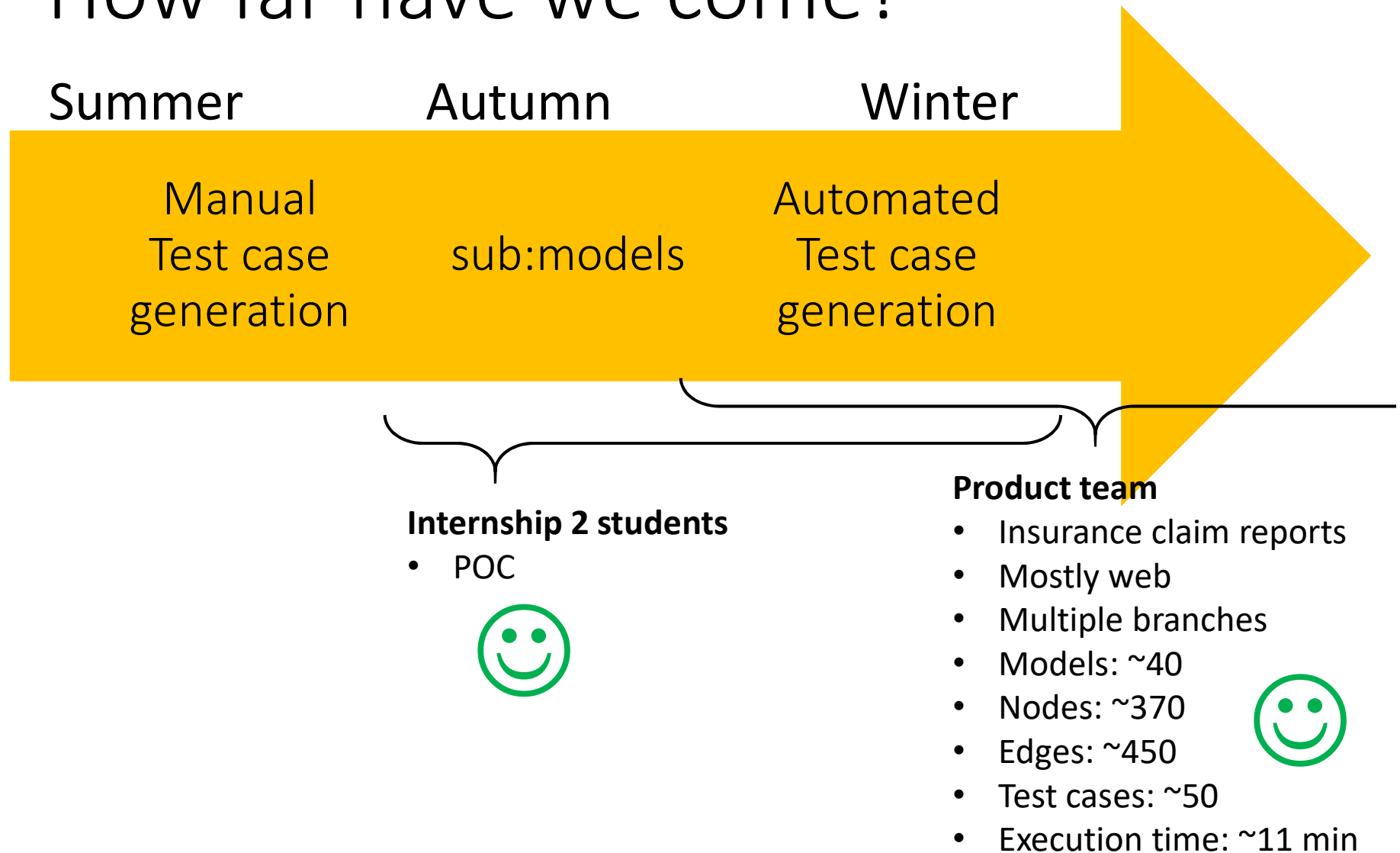
Pitfall: Loops



Pitfall: Greedy test generation



How far have we come?



Comparison to Graphwalker

Graphwalker

- Java implementation
- GraphML (yEd) input
- Nodes = methods (check)
- Edges = methods (do)
- Methods return void
- Random model traversal can discover unexpected bugs
- Data can be fed back to the model (online)
- Several other useful features

Our solution

- .NET implementation
- GraphML (yEd) input
- Nodes = interfaces
- Edges = methods
- Methods return next state
- Minimizes number of test cases for full edge coverage
- No feedback from execution to model
- Can generate interfaces for re-use in manual test cases

Parallel session @ 11:15

- No fixed agenda
 - More examples (code/models)?
 - Roadmap for the future?
 - Reporting?
 - You decide!

Thanks for listening!



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